Terms to know from this episode:

- Peter the Great/ Peter I
- “Great Elector” Frederick William
- Table of Ranks
- King Frederick I of Prussia
- Streltsy Uprising (1698)
- King Frederick William I
- Great Northern War (1700-1721)

1. For context, think back to the rule of Louis XIV of France. What were some ways that he centralized power under the King?

2. What were some ways the Russian people could show their approval for the Tsar to demonstrate the sacred trust between the ruler and the ruled?

3. “For the nobility, he [Peter the Great] created a precise ________________ with each promotion to a higher rank depending on the aristocrat performing service to the state.” This made was supposed to make the aristocracy more of a meritocracy.

4. In 1697 Peter set off on a tour of __________________________...he returned determined to __________________________ Russia.

5. When the __________________________ rose up against Peter’s rule in 1698, he had many of them tortured, exiled or executed.

6. Peter reformed the military, which helped him to win the __________________________ against Sweden, gaining Sweden’s continental territory, including Estonia and Latvia.

7. Name two things that Peter did to turn St Petersburg into a western-style city.
   ○
   ○

8. Name two reforms that Peter made to reform his subjects and turn them into modern thinkers.
   ○
   ○
9. What was one way that the aristocrats were given control of serfs in a move to attract aristocratic loyalty?

10. Beginning with the Great Elector ________________________________________________________________ in the seventeenth century, the military was especially important to Prussia’s survival and growth.

11. The monarch allowed the nobility to intensify their grip on peasant lives in exchange for the power they lost to the monarch. This is called _____________________________________________________________.

12. “The Great Elector’s grandson _____________________________________________________________ made the Prussian army the most modern in Europe. He created a branch of government called the ________________________________________________________________ that oversaw the operation of the kingdom to the benefit of the army, raising taxes and recruiting administrators and soldiers.

13. Prussia was called a ________________________________________________________________.

14. “And the rising monarchies of ______________________ and ________________________ were very effective at state building, which would allow them to shape the future of Europe as a whole and also aid in the final demise of ______________________ - ________________________ over the 18th century.”

15. Name one similarity between Peter the Great and Louis XIV.

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